

TRINITY COLLEGE FOR WOMEN NAMAKKAL

DEPARTMENT OF COSTUME DESIGN & FASHION

CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF TEXTILES EVEN SEMESTER

Presented by Ms. A.P.PAVITHRA

ASSISTANT PROFESSOR

DEPARTMENT OF CDF

http://www.trinitycollegenkl.edu.in/

CARE LABELS

INTRODUCTION

- •The apparel and textile industries worldwide have set different standards for care labeling a product.
- •It becomes the suppliers or manufacturers responsibility to make sure customers understand the right methods of maintaining a product.
- Any piece of a textile product has two major kinds of labels, one that describes the fibre composition of the fabric and the other that contains washing and ironing instructions, which is generally called care labeling.

WASHING

- The adjacent symbol shows the general washing instructions. Some labels also use a picture of an actual washing machine to show machine wash.
- •Dots are used to indicate temperature. A single dot represents 30C. Two dots indicate 40C, with the addition of each dot, the temperature increases by 10C.



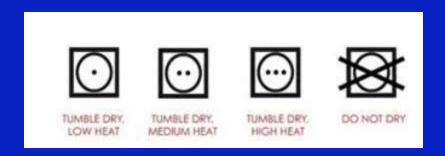
BLEACHING

- A triangle is the symbol for bleaching.
- A big 'x' over the triangle means no bleaching. And when the triangle encompasses two diagonal lines, then it indicates the garment must be washed with non-chlorine bleach only.



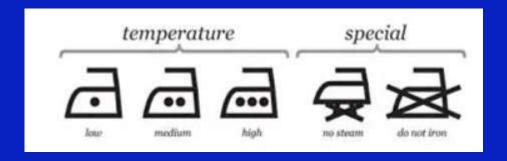
DRYING

- A normal drying symbol is a circle enclosed in a square.
- •The dot in the symbol indicates the temperature. Some garments also include hang dry instructions on the label.



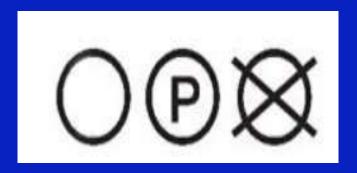
IRONING

- •Different kinds of fabrics require ironing at different temperatures.
- The dots in the ironing symbol indicate the intensity of the heat of the iron



DRY CLEANING

•A simple circle is the dry cleaning symbol, the circle with a P suggests dry clean with any solvent except trichloroethylene, and the circle with a big cross indicates no dry clean.



THANK YOU

http://www.trinitycollegenkl.edu.in/